<u>Health Staff – immediate safety planning for survivors of DA going into self-isolation:</u>

(See below for further safety planning information)

If you are being subjected to DA and concerned about your safety going into self-isolation, you should:

- Seek safety information and support from an Independent Domestic Violence Adviser (IDVA):
 - Contact the IDVA Co-located/Affiliated with your service to request support (via their agreed pathways)

Or

- Find your local specialist DA service https://www.womensaid.org.uk/domestic-abuse-directory/ or call the National Domestic Violence Helpline on 0808 2000 247
- Raise any concerns with your line-manager to discuss how your employer can support you to stay safe:
 - o For example, ask your manager to call to check in on you on at scheduled times:
 - Plan what your manager should do if they can't reach you, for example, try again, call your support worker, call the police.
 - Think of a reason to justify why this contact needs to take place, for example saying that your employer is checking on all employees daily.
 - o An IDVA can support you to liaise with your line-manager / employer if required.

Immediate safety planning for survivors of DA going into self-isolation:

Information health staff can offer survivors to support their safety when going into self-isolation:

- Call 999 if you feel at risk of immediate harm
 - Silent Solutions: If you feel afraid or further danger or escalation of harm if you are overheard calling 999
 - When you call 999 an operator will ask you which emergency service is required
 - If you do not respond, the call will be put through to silent solutions
 - Press 55 and the call will be transferred to the police.









- https://www.policeconduct.gov.uk/sites/default/files/Documents/researchlearning/Silent solution guide.pdf
- Contact the National Domestic Violence Helpline on 0808 2000 247 for 24-hour information on safety and support.
- Contact the Women's live chat https://chat.womensaid.org.uk/ (10am 12pm Mon-Fri)
- Victim Support 24 hour Live Chat https://www.victimsupport.org.uk/help-and-support/get-help/support-near-you/live-chat
- Seek safety information and support from a specialist DA service, such as an **Independent Domestic Violence Adviser (IDVA)** in your local area:
 - Find your local specialist DA service https://www.womensaid.org.uk/domestic-abuse-directory/ / call the National Domestic Violence Helpline on 0808 2000 247
- Make a safety plan:
 - Plan in advance how you would act if you feel at risk of harm. An IDVA can help you create a tailored safety plan. General safety planning advice can be found here: https://www.womensaid.org.uk/the-survivors-handbook/making-a-safety-plan/
 - Some key considerations if you are going into self-isolation:
 - Your safety is of paramount important follow your safety plan regardless of isolation.
 - Maintain links with those around you:
 - Let those around you, such as your family, friends, employer, neighbours and/or support worker, know that you are going into selfisolation.
 - Arrange safe contact with someone you trust to check in on you on at scheduled times:
 - Think of a reason to justify why this contact needs to take place, for example saying that your employer is checking on all employees daily.









- Plan what your trusted person should do if they can't reach you, for example, try again, call your support worker or call the police.
- If your phone is monitored, **create a code word** with your trusted person that the perpetrator will not understand. For example, code words could mean 'I am safe' or 'call the police'.
- Ask a (close by) neighbour you trust to call 999 if they hear shouting or unusual noises coming from your address.
- Use the excuse of 'feeling unwell' to take yourself away from the perpetrator, to another room or area of the property, if needed.
 - If you feel at risk, try to get to a room where there is a phone and/or
 exit and avoid rooms which may be dangerous such as the kitchen
 or bathroom.
- Information relating to Covid-19 and immigration:
 https://www.gov.uk/government/news/visas-extended-for-those-currently-unable-to-return-home-due-to-covid-19?utm_source=e042435d-2e21-4022-a0c4-448c75757472&utm_medium=email&utm_campaign=govuk-notifications&utm_content=immediate

Guidance for health staff undertaking DA enquiry over the phone (for example, during pregnancy booking) during this period:

- Check the patient is alone in the property before asking any questions:
 - Specifically ask that they not be on speakerphone.
 - O DO NOT ENQUIRE IF THE PATIENT IS NOT ALONE
- **Confirm** whether the patient **can communicate** in English:
 - o If required, call back using an independent phone interpreting service. Request a female interpreter where possible.
 - DO NOT USE A FRIEND/FAMILY MEMBER AS AN INTERPRETER
- IF IT IS SAFE TO ASK:









- Explain confidentiality and information sharing procedures
- Frame the question to explain rationale for asking, for example:

"Domestic abuse is extremely prevalent in society, affecting [1 in 3 women / 1 in 6 men]. Domestic abuse does not just include physical violence but also [...]"

"We routinely ask all women about domestic abuse because it is so common affecting approximately 1 in 3 women, with approximately 30% either starting or escalating in pregnancy. Domestic abuse does not just include physical violence but also [...]"

 Ask a direct question to clearly enquire about whether they are a survivor, for example:

"Has anyone close to you (family members or sexual partners) ever made you feel afraid, controlled or isolated, or physically hurt you?"

• IF IT IS **NOT** SAFE TO ASK:

- DO NOT ASK
- o Let the patient know you will **call them at a later date** and do so within **48 hours**.
- o If you have a concern that the person is being subjected to DA, **escalate to your manager/safeguarding lead** to plan of action as a matter of urgency.

• IF A DISCLOSURE IS MADE:

- Confirm safe contact information including times to call, whether it is safe to text/leave voicemail, whether calls should take place from a withheld number. Ask if they have a safe email address for ongoing support.
- Offer a referral to an IDVA service (whether it is a local service or your colocated/affiliated IDVA):
 - Advise that due to the Covid-19 pandemic face to face contact with an IDVA will not be available and discuss how safe contact can be facilitated.









- Consider if a MARAC referral will need to be made and refer as per your organisation/local MARAC referral pathways.
- o Advise them to call 999 in an emergency
- Provide them with the 24-hour National Domestic Violence Helpline Number 0808
 2000 247:
 - Discuss how they can safely store this number.







